CALCULUS AB

SECTION II, Part B

Time—60 minutes

Number of problems—4

No calculator is allowed for these problems.

DO NOT BREAK THE SEALS UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

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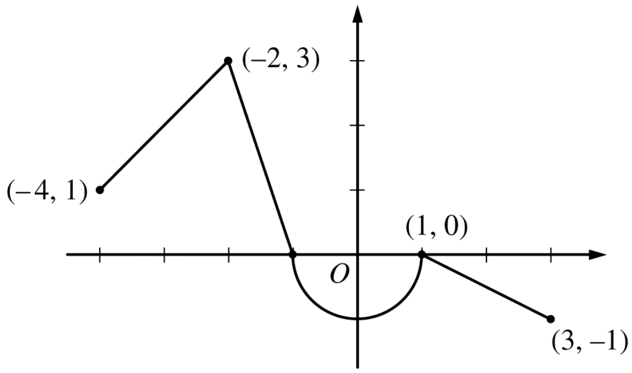
NO CALCULATOR ALLOWED



Graph of f

3. Let f be the continuous function defined on $[-4, 3]$ whose graph, consisting of three line segments and a semicircle centered at the origin, is given above. Let g be the function given by $g(x) = \int_1^x f(t)\, dt$.

(a) Find the values of $g(2)$ and $g(-2)$.

(b) For each of $g'(-3)$ and $g''(-3)$, find the value or state that it does not exist.

Continue problem 3 on page 15.

(c) Find the x-coordinate of each point at which the graph of g has a horizontal tangent line. For each of these points, determine whether g has a relative minimum, relative maximum, or neither a minimum nor a maximum at the point. Justify your answers.

(d) For $-4 < x < 3$, find all values of x for which the graph of g has a point of inflection. Explain your reasoning.

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4. The function f is defined by $f(x) = \sqrt{25 - x^2}$ for $-5 \le x \le 5$.

(a) Find $f'(x)$.

(b) Write an equation for the line tangent to the graph of f at $x = -3$.

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Continue problem 4 on page 17.

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(c) Let g be the function defined by $g(x) = \begin{cases} f(x) & \text{for } -5 \le x \le -3 \\ x + 7 & \text{for } -3 < x \le 5. \end{cases}$

Is g continuous at $x = -3$? Use the definition of continuity to explain your answer.

(d) Find the value of $\int_0^5 x\sqrt{25 - x^2}\, dx$.

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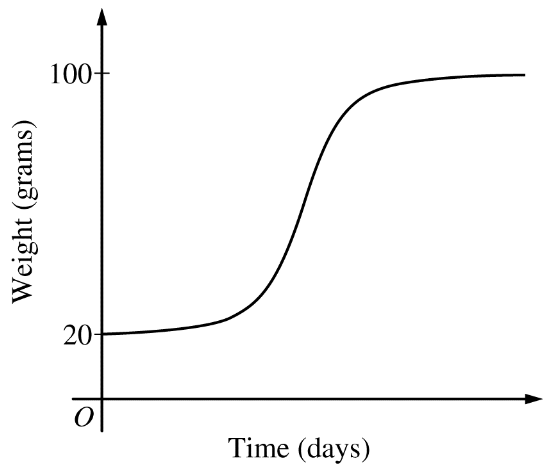
5. The rate at which a baby bird gains weight is proportional to the difference between its adult weight and its current weight. At time $t = 0,$ when the bird is first weighed, its weight is 20 grams. If $B(t)$ is the weight of the bird, in grams, at time t days after it is first weighed, then

$$\frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{1}{5}(100 - B).$$

Let $y = B(t)$ be the solution to the differential equation above with initial condition $B(0) = 20.$

(a) Is the bird gaining weight faster when it weighs 40 grams or when it weighs 70 grams? Explain your reasoning.

(b) Find $\frac{d^2B}{dt^2}$ in terms of B. Use $\frac{d^2B}{dt^2}$ to explain why the graph of B cannot resemble the following graph.



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Continue problem 5 on page 19.

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(c) Use separation of variables to find $y = B(t)$, the particular solution to the differential equation with initial condition $B(0) = 20$.

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6. For $0 \leq t \leq 12$, a particle moves along the x-axis. The velocity of the particle at time t is given by $v(t) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}t\right)$. The particle is at position $x = -2$ at time $t = 0$.

(a) For $0 \leq t \leq 12$, when is the particle moving to the left?

(b) Write, but do not evaluate, an integral expression that gives the total distance traveled by the particle from time $t = 0$ to time $t = 6$.

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Continue problem 6 on page 21.

(c) Find the acceleration of the particle at time t. Is the speed of the particle increasing, decreasing, or neither at time $t = 4$? Explain your reasoning.

(d) Find the position of the particle at time $t = 4$.

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